PJ  Check your learning

Giving advice on short-acting contraception

Check your learning by answering true or false for the following statements.

1) The combined oral contraceptive pill is the ideal contraceptive for a woman with diabetes and a body mass index of 40kg/m². T/F

2) With a 30 or 35µg combined oral contraceptive pill, two pills must be missed for contraceptive efficacy to be reduced. T/F

3) The contraceptive effect of non-oral combined contraceptives, such as patches, is not affected by taking a course of antibiotics so no extra precautions are needed. T/F

4) A vaginal ring must be fitted by a clinician. T/F

5) Once dispensed a vaginal ring does not have to be stored in a refrigerator but must be used within four months. T/F

6) Progestogen-only pills primarily work by preventing ovulation. T/F

7) Breastfeeding has a 95-98 per cent contraceptive effect. T/F

8) The failure rate of progestogen-only pills is higher than that of combined oral contraceptive pills. T/F

9) A woman taking a progestogen-only pill must use barrier methods for seven days after a bout of diarrhoea and vomiting. T/F

10) Both combined oral contraceptive and progestogen-only pills interact with enzyme inducers. T/F

These questions are accessible until 23 November 2009 and must be answered online at www.pjonline.com/check